# The County Courts In The Republic Recapped By JFC

#### Jurisdiction

When there is an injured party, meaning someone did another human being wronged by everyday operations, at work, yard, playgrounds, or on farmland, then that injured party needs to write up a complaint with the County DA. And then that DA will investigate the so-called crime scene. If he finds that there is validation for the injured party to have a case, he will then call up the grand jury.

#### True Bill:

When the grand jury is convened, they will hear evidence presented by the DAs office about this case, they will vote for either a true bill or a no bill.

If a true bill is voted by just 51% (13 of 25) or more, then the DA will go to a judge for a warrant of arrest or detainment against the accused, with the full knowledge that the one being arrested is innocent until a jury of his peers finds him guilty of the crime he is accused of.

### **Arraignment:**

The accused will appear before the judge and plea his innocence or guilty.

After which he pleads innocent, a Bond may be placed upon him depending on the crime he is alleged of.

## Obtain g A Lawyer:

The accused can represent himself, but it is not recommended.

Most lawyers in the Republic may be the accused's friend, maybe a neighbor, and will must be free and clea of arrest themselves, or charges of a felony against them, and no convictions in court.

That person must appear before the judge, who will order a background check on him, and in finding no current charges or guilty verdicts against him, the judge will then issue a notice to practice law for that case.

#### **Evidence & Witnesses:**

Once all the evidence and witnesses are brought in and set to appear for the case, and the data of the trial is made, the judge will determine if TV or radio coverage of the case will be permitted, and all the cases will be videotaped (later in time) for evidence for case disputes.

The litigants will enter the courtroom, with the Plaintiff seated at the left table and the Defendant seated at the right table, about 10 feet from the Judges desk. (There will not be any bar with a gate to walk through).

Once the accused takes his seat, and the judge and jury are seated, the judge and the jury will stand, and state the oath to the Republic, and be seated.

#### **Test For Forgiveness**:

Just in front of the judge's desk will be a small replica of the ark of the covenant, where the 10 Commandments are housed inside the ark. The 1<sup>st</sup> thing the judge will do is have the accused answer one simple question. (Have you asked the prosecution for forgiveness?) If the answer is yes, then the judge will ask the prosecution, (is this true?), And if it is, the judge will ask the prosecution have you forgiven him? If so, the case is dropped except for the restitution.

But if the accused has lied, or refused to ask for forgiveness, then the judge will walk down to the replica of the ark, and remove the mercy seat, and expose the 10 Commandments, which is the biblical law of the Republic.

#### **Jury Selection:**

The Jury is handpicked by the Marshall or sheriff of the county. There will be 100 names picked from a box of 500 names from within the county, and they are then picked from by the County Sheriff and a witness.

**The Sheriff and the witness** will pick 16 people from the County 100 List: 12 jurors and 4 alternates.

### **Opening Statements & Trial:**

Both sides will have equal time or as much time as needed to complete their opening statements, present their case, call all witnesses and then have their closing statements. Only the evidence that directly fits the case will be allowed.

#### **Jury Deliberation:**

The case then will be turned over to the jury, with the judge explaining to the jury that they can judge the law relating to this case and see if the evidence shown in this case is sufficient for a guilty verdict.

#### **Punishment:**

The jury can hand down the punishment under Republic law, whether it is just a fine or jail time, or if it is a serious crime like murder, the death penalty.

Remembering that in Republic law of crimes and punishment, there is only a 1, 3, 5 and 7 year prison sentence and the death penalty.

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